XII. Oven temperature at Chewy Pizza restaurants was in control when these samples were taken. Construct an \bar{x} chart and an R chart for this data using a 99.74% confidence interval.

Sample #	1	2	3	4	5	6	Totals
Oven Readings n = 3 N = 6 samples	405	402	398	410	391	411	
	404	404	390	402	409	409	
	397	412	388	412	400	407	
Sample Mean	402	406	392	408	400	409	2,417
Sample Range	8	10	10	10	18	4	60

ASTM Control Factors for 99.74%							
Sample Size (n)	A ₂	D ₃	D ₄				
2 -	1.880	0	3.267				
3	1.023	0	2.575				
4	0.729	0	2.282				
5	0.577	0	2.115				

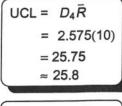
$$\overline{\overline{x}} = \frac{\sum \overline{x}}{N} = \frac{2.417}{6} = 402.83 \approx 402.8$$

$$\bar{R} = \frac{\sum R}{N} = \frac{60}{6} = 10.0$$

UCL =
$$\frac{1}{x} + A_2 \bar{R}$$

= 402.83 + 1.023(10)
= 402.83 + 10.23
= 413.06
 \approx 413.1

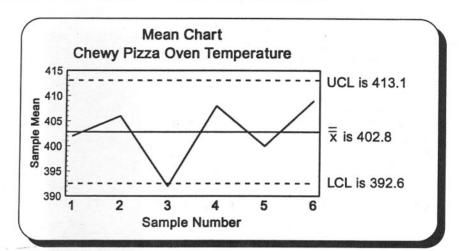
$$LCL = \frac{1}{x} - A_2 \overline{R}$$
= 402.83 - 1.023(10)
= 402.83 - 10.23
= 392.6

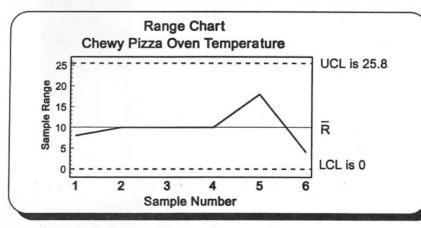


$$LCL = D_3 \bar{R}$$

$$= 0(10)$$

$$= 0$$





XIII. Potential customers were asked to rate brand A and brand B. Little is known about the population distributions. Test at the .10 level of significance whether these brands were viewed equally by these potential customers. A paired difference sign test may be conducted even though this is not a test for statistical dependency.

Brand B was liked better by 5 of 6 customers. Sample size was n = 6. The Binomial table (ST 1) yields the following: $p(x = \ge 5) = .094 + .016 = .11$ and (.11)(2) = .22 > .10. The null hypothesis is accepted at the .10 level of significance. Customers rate the brands equally.

Brand Preference Test								
Potential Customer	Brand A	Brand B	Sign					
1	87	89	+					
2	91	97	+					
3	81	85	+					
4	73	81	+					
5	92	98	+					
6	89	81	-					